SPECIAL NOTICES.

TEMPERANCE.

The weather is likely to be fair and not so warm tomorrow.

.

A large and complete stock

of Molding at

40c. PER 100 FEET.

LIBBEY, BITTINGER & MILLER

That exactly describes the HOTEL RANDOLPH-with the conveniences of a hotel
and the home theness of home. Rooms
single or en suits. Prices moderate. Exceltent table board.

HOTEL RANDOLPH, 1304 G ST. N. W. 1920-11

WE OPERATE EXTENSIVELY IN THE sale of Planos.
The Stultz & Bauer, New York.
The Jewett, Boston.
The "Opera" Peek, New York.
The Trowbridge, Boston.
Highest standard of excellence and durability. Don't miss the barrains now being offered. Monthly payments to suit. Exchange your old plano now.
THE PIANO EXCHANGE,
913 Pa. ave.
1720-3m The Leading Plano House.

THE OPENING OF MICHAEL CUNEO'S restaurant is postponed until further

juick, as they are going rapidly. Jyd-3m Factory, 908 F st.

UNDER TONS OF DEBRIS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 29 .- At 12:10 o'clock

Bank collapsed and crumbled to the ground.

CARELESSNESS COST HIS LIFE.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., July 29.-The plant of the United Indurated Fiber Company

was entirely destroyed by fire early this

death.

The company manufactured indurated fiber palls, tubs, &c., and had a branch establishment at Portland, Me., besides branch offices at New York, Chicago and elsewhere. The works will be rebuilt at

proposal of B. F. Mockabee to construct a family building on the grounds of the boys' reform school of the District of Columbia, for \$15,467.

"Lumber, Mill-work and Builders' Hardware,"

CUTTING PRICES.

WE ARE

Vol. 83, No. 20,637.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1893-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCOTTISH RITE CATHEDRAL. — A meeting of Albert Pike Consistory, No. 1.
M. R. S., will be held at 7:20 p.m., SATURDAY,
July 29, 1863, for the election of candidates and such other business as may be presented. By order of the Ven. Master of the Kadosh. ROBERT BALL, 32d degree, Registrar. MASONIC.—DR. JAMES C. BATCHELOR.

33d degree, late commander of the Supreme Council, S. J. U. S., died this morning at 3:30 at the House of the Temple, 3d street. Private funeral services will be held TOMORROW (Saturday) EVENING, 29th instant, at 7 o'clock, to which active and honorary members of the Supreme Councils of the southern and northern jurisdictions are fraternally invited. By order FREDERICK WEBBER, Sec. Gen. 1728-22*

THE TENDENCY OF THE TIMES -is to overwork the brain, and the invention that business men need

most of all is a "MIND-SAVER"they have such an invention in the Edison Phonograph. It dispatches correspondence and other office work quickly and accurately and takes almost all the strain off the mind. COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH CO., 627 E at. D. w.

E. D. EASTON, Pres. [1928] R. F. CROMELIN, Sec. HERE'S THE "CUT" AGAIN. \$2 Imp. Neglike Shirts, \$1.60 \$2.50 Imp. Neglike Shirts, \$2.50 \$3 Imp. Neglike Shirts, \$2.50. But don't think they're like others' at those prices. Finest, neatest and dressest Shirts in the city. Men's 2-piece Bathing Suits, \$1.25. W. S. TEEL "Men's Belongings", 935 Pa. ave. 1928

IF YOU WANT ANTTHING IN THE STATIONERY LINE

EASTON & RUPP'S. 421 11TH STREET. EF LOWEST PRICES. 1928 THE HANDSOMEST WHEEL YET

at 1325 14th st. n.w. Weight, 22% pounds. Price, \$175. The Full Nickel-plated No. 4, at the same price, comes pretty close to the 5 for beauty, but is not quite so unique. Just cast an eye toward them when you go up that way. GORMULLY & JEFFERY MFG. CO.

EXCURSION AND MUSICAL ENTER-TAINMENT.
CLAM CHOWDER.
KIT CARSON POST, No. 2, G. A. R.,
MONDAY EVENING, JULY 31, 1893.
Tickets, including the clam chowder, 50 cents.

Tickets, including the clam chowder, 50 cents.
Children half price.
STEAMER MACALESTER, MARSHALL HALL,
Will leave the pier at 10 s.m., 2 p.m. and 6:30 p.m.
promptly. The chowder will be served at 8:30 p.m.
1936-w&s2t WANTED-HOUSES TO RENT.

It is now the season when people are looking for louses. We are daily turning away good tenants, as most of our property is rented. they won't stay vacant long. We make this branch a BANES & SIMPSON. 1924-m. w.s. 3t Cor. 14th and G sts. n. w.

IDLE FUNDS DRAW INTER-EST WHEN DEPOSITED WITH US.

Certificates of deposit issued, payable at our counter on demand without notice, drawing interest at the rate of 3 per cent Time certificates issued, payable in any

number of months, rate of interest depend-ing on length of time for which deposit is

Call and talk it over. WOODS & CO.,

BANKERS,

Have you ever visited beautiful Charlton Heirhts?

Call at the office and set free transportation. Examine that lovely little 9-room house, with hot and cold water, range, furnace and other molern improvements. It cost us \$5,000, but we will sell for \$4,000—\$200 down and \$35 per month. Charlton Heights is not very far from the city-only 20 minutes' ride. It's desirable as a home site in winter and doubly desirable during the hot summer month, for breezes always blow there.

JAMES E. WAUGIG. "Gener."

FOR KEEN-EYED BARGAIN HUNTERS. Two more days' buying and the re-reduced Tennis Rackets will be "of the yeast." Reduced to almost nothing and the "Tennis season" not half gone. All 23 to \$4.50 Rackets now......\$1.50

-including patent nozzle and coup-lings complete. Doesn't the lawn and garden need mater!

PARBER & ROSS, cor. 11th and G sts. n.w.

FOR RENT - PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY; entire upper portion of the double building 450 and 461 Pa ave n.w.; occupied by the late Mr. Chas. M. Bell as a successful photograph sallery; large sallery, skylight, dark rooms, reception and dwelling rooms; lease to desirable party, W. C. DUVALL, 225 F st. n.w. NOTHING BETTER

PALMER'S BELFAST GINGER ALE,

SAMUEL C. PALMER, Depots: 1066 32d st. n. w.

Our whole stock of Men's Fancy Cassimere, Cheviot and Worsted Suits and Pants, and all Children's Suite without reserve, to be sold this weekst a disc

DIAMOND

E HARRIS & CO.,

WHEN YOU DON'T KNOW

Just how you want a printing job "set up"
call on us. We'll fix it and you'll be troud of
the result. Our typesetters are all experts. We
superantee satisfaction at moderate prices. McGILL & WALLACE, Printers, my 17 1107 E ST. N. W.

THE TEMPERANCE TENT, 11TH AND
E sts. s.e. Sunday afternoon, 3:30 o'clock,
Rev. John Naugle; 8 o'clock, Capt. Donald McCathran. This is the last Sunday in East Washington, 11*

JOHN NAUGLE, THE SAILOR BOY
evangelist, will speak in the Temperance
Tent Sunday afternoon, 3:30 o'clock. Young men invited. Causes Which Led to Calling Congress to Meet.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF CAlambia Lodge, K. of P.—You are earnestly requested to attend the regular meeting on July 81 as important business will be brought before the lodge. By order of lodge. Jos. MACE, C. C. 1t*

STANSBURY LODGE. No. 24. F.A.A M.—
STANSBURY LODGE. No. 24. F.A.A M.—
STANSBURY LODGE. No. 24. F.A.A M.—

STANSBURY LODGE. No. 24. F.A.A M.—

STANSBURY LODGE. No. 24. F.A.A M.—

Work—M. W. deg.

Brethren of sister lodges cordially invited.

Bry order of the W. M.

W. E. NALLEY, Sec.

After Silver is Disposed of. PERFECT HOMES OF 12 ROOMS
For sale cheep and on e-sy terms.
No. 1402-4 Binney st., Columbia Heights
1t

O. W. WHITE, 980 F st. n. w.

TO PREVENT FILIBUSTERING.

**TOP SALE—NEAR THE CAPITOL. A beautiful house, containing nine rooms, bath, reception hall and cellar; numerous closets; cabinet mantels; neatly respected; electric appliances, speaking tubes. &c.; deep lot to large alley, large enough for a stable. Will sell at a great bargain. If sold in next ten days, only \$5,200.

The meeting of Congress at this early date is accepted as one of the most natural things in the world, and there is undoubting to the session—if they

edly need enough for the session-if they will do anything—but one who traces back the causes which led to it will be somewhat

puzzled. the air" for an extra session. It was talked about before the old Congress had adjourned and long before there was any thought of getting together for the purpose for which this session was called. It was first said to be a scheme of the friends of Judge Crisp to get re-elected Speaker opposition to him. The bare mention of an extra session at that time was enough to cause the little circle of disgruntled anti-Crisp men to turn alternately pale with fear and red with anger, and it was declared that they would thwart the wicked Georgia man in his plans. Finally it was discovered that the men who did not want an extra session were so few as not to furnish the quorum of a committee meeting. an extra session were so rew as not to furnish the quorum of a committee meeting. But all this time there was no thought of a silver session. The adjournment of the last Congress was welcomed by the sound money men of that quarter whence wisdom has come from the beginning of Christian times. It was welcomed because it relieved the ever-dreaded danger of the passage of a free coinage bill. the ever-dreaded danger of the passage of a free coinage bill.

They were glad of an adjournment to get it out of the way. The reason why the new Congress should be brought together promptly, which was urged on every hand, was that the revision of the tariff might be begun at once. This reason did not seem to impress Mr. Cleveland, and the much desired extra session appeared to be unattainable until the new reason was found in the financial situation. Now we have Congress about to meet to face a question they were running from all last Congress. There has been an almost complete revolution in a

the building eating their dinners.

Some one of their number detected a trembling of the structure and gave a shout of warning.

The men all rushed for the street and escaped, save two of their number, who are yet missing and are supposed to be covered under the many tons of debris.

The building was being re-arranged for office purposes and a new three-story addition was in process of erection upon the old and evidently weak walls. ing that they are to have an opportunity to legislate on the silver question immediately afterward and there will be more plans proposed than the ordinary brain can take account of or than any brain could comprehend. The repeal of the Sherman law will not be good night to the possibilities of this Congress. Though Mr. Cleveland can get them together he cannot adjourn them unless he can get them into a disagreement "officially" as to the time of adjournment, and a plan to bring that about would be as difficult of fulfillment as the lifting of the world on a lever. The probabilities as to financial legislation (the

Matters That May Come Up.

Filibustering to Be Checked.
Filibustering will probably not be a feature of the proceedings of this Congress.
It is recognized by all the big men in Congress and by most of the little ones that public sentiment is opposed to such

How Mr. Cleveland Manages Men. There is one thing Cleveland has been do-ing in his efforts to convert Congress to standing on his part of one side of human nature. It may not be publicly known (it a very lofty and statesmanlike manner. Now some of these small men love to be talked to as if they were men of importance. In this Cleveland has gratified them. He has talked to them as if he felt that the fate of the nation were in nation as one of the police surgeons has been asked, which reads:

Washington, July 29, 1893.

Commissioners: I am in receipt of a communication bearing date of the 14th instant, and signed by William Tindale, secretary, containing the following: "The Commissioners direct me to ask you to tender your resignation of the office of surgeon of the police and fire departments, to take effect the 31st instant."

A compliance with this request would indicate that I did not wish to retain the office and did not need the salary, which would be untrue.

S. A. H. McKIM.

Thirty-one years surgeon of the police department.

First He Takes Poison and Then Uses a Pistol.

and Children.

Wagner was a German by birth, but

reasons for his act. His Two Attempts at Self-Destruction.

bly about 5 o'clock, Mr. Wagner went up into the hay loft over the stable that stands in the rear of the building. The house is a fairly commodious one, and the upper floors, as well, as the rooms back of the store, are used as a home by the Wagner family. Mrs. Wagner was in the store between 6 and 7 o'clock this morning, and becoming rather alarmed over the failure of her husband to return, she sent down to the house of her friends, the Geier boys, who have an undertaking establishment a few doors below, and asted that one of them come up and help h.

Mr. Joseph A. Geier responded at once, and on being told that Wagner had gone up to the loft he hurried up there and found Wagner lying on the floor and evidently suffering intense pain. The man seemed to be almost in a dying condition then, but he was able to hold up a box to Geier, and pointing to it stated that he had taken a dose of Rough on Rats. He begged Geier not to bother about him, but to leave him alone, as he wished to die, and thought that he would. Geier ran down the stairs to inform the family and to obtain aid in bringing the dying man into the house and to summon physicians. He was gone but a very few minutes, and when he came back with two neighbors, George Boegeholz and John Shugrue, they found that during those few minutes the man in his desperation had drawn a pistol and fired a builet into his left temple. Even then he was not dead. This was about 7 o'clock, and it was not until 7:45 that death came to his relief.

The pistol was a small 22-caliber revolver and was held close up to the forehead when the trigger was pulled. Coroner Woodward and was held close up to the forehead when the trigger was pulled. Coroner Woodward was summoned as soon as death came. He viewed the body, and after hearing the story of Mr. Geier and the others he gave a certificate of death by suicide and decided that there was no necessity for holding an inquest.

Bennington. Ensigns R. H. Leigh, Waldo Evans, H. C. Kuenzli and E. T. Poilock, to the New York, and Naval Cadets A. R. Davis, S. E. Moses, R. K. Crank, F. A. Trout, J. F. Hines, J. H. Russell, L. Mo-Namee, A. L. Gambie, G. Mallison, to the New York.

day that George S. Weed of Plattsburg, N.Y., had been appointed collector of cus-toms for the district of Champlain, N.Y.

The War Department has issued an or-

appointments today of interest to the District. Alex. G. Morgan of Lexington, Ky., reau of engraving and printing at a salary of \$2,000 per annum, and C. H. Warnecke of the District of Columbia was appointed foreman of construction of the Washington city post office at a salary of \$6 per day

whatever, not so much as making his sig-nature. Assistant Secretaries Hamlin and Curtis, both of whom are senior to Mr. Wike, are out of the city. Mr. Curtis has gone to New York on private business and is expected back on Monday.

It is not believed that a direct blow was given to any one.

ROWS IN OLD TIMES.

Mr. Coyle's Recollections of Some Exciting Incidents.

masters appointed today was 97, of which 45

Debates That Have Been Enlivened by Pugilistic Encounters.

NO SCENE LIKE THAT IN LONDON.

Exciting Incidents in the History of the House.

IN THE DAYS OF DUELLING.

lisorder and hurly burly methods of doing business, there is no scene in the House of Representatives within the recollection of the present generation which parallels that which occurred in the House of Commons this week. There is always more or less disorder in the ordinary performance of business in the House, if anything of interest is under consideration. Propriety and decorum are often strained, and occasionally members speak to each other in language not approved in good society. On rare occasions there have been personal encounters, and frequently the uninitiated ooking down upon the floor from the galleries might imagine a riot about to occur. But it is seldom that blows have been struck, and there has never been anything like the free fight which occurred in the House of Commons. During war times, when sectional feeling was intense, and the hot blood of temper rushed feverishly through the veins of the men assembled representing the antagonistic sections of the country, some wild scenes of confusion

How a Wig Saved the Day. Probably the greatest disorder that ever occurred in the House and the nearest apbroach to a free fight was during the debate in '61 over the sectional question, which started about midnight with an altercation between Keitt and Grow, and which led to the exchange of blows between several members and threw the House for a time into a riotous turmoil. The House was practically divided into two sides then. Washburne of Illinois and Potter of Wisconsin on one side and Lamar and Barksdale leaders on the other. Two-thirds of the members were engaged in the tumult and a numbr of blows were struck. The affair was one threatening most serious consequences, but was brought to a conclusion more speedily by a ludicrous feature of the most serious collision in the disorder. While the Speaker was clamoring for order and the sergeant-at-arms rushing here and there with his mace Mr. Barksdale received a blow or a shove which sent him under a desk, and at the same time some one grabbed him by the hair, which, being a wig, though that fact was not generally known, came off in the hands of his irate antagonist. Mr. Barksdale's confusion was even greater than his anger. confusion was even greater than his anger, and this, together with the astonishment and dismay of the man holding his colleague's scalp aloft so appealed to the sense of the ridiculous as to cool down the temper of members which promised to lead to very serious results.

When Party Spirit Ran High. During the electoral count while Randall as Speaker was trying to check filibustering a section of the House became so incensed that personal conflicts were threatened and there was a rush scene like that between contending teams at a foot ball game. Members shook their fists in each other's faces and one member walked all the way from the back part of the hall to the front over the tops of the desks in his angry eagerness to get to the front, but in this there were no blows struck, only confusion. During the Reed Congress such scenes of disorder were almost of daily occurrence, but they were always quelled before any violence was done. The anger of the minority at the course followed by the Speaker found expression in epithets, angry gesticulation and denunciations. Once there was a rush made for the Speaker's chair and the impression prevailed that there was a purpose in the minds of a number of the members to seize the Speaker and pull him from the chair.

But if there was such an intention it was thought better of instantly, and there was nothing more than a noisy demonstration in front of the desk. When Bynum was censured the democrats stood around him in front of the Speaker's desk and gave expression to their disapproval, but offered no violence. The only time that a blow was struck during this most exciting Congress was when it was unexpected, and the trouble then was over almost before it was realized by the House. It grew out of a matter the House generally was not much excited over. Words passed between Burgan of New Jersey and Wilson of Washington, and Wilson, quick as a flash, struck the New Jersey and nead the men were separated before the conflict went any further.

Before that Congress there had been were passed between Parks and Weaver when Mr. Randall was speaker, and one member excited by this encounter, drew a knife and made as if to take part in the conflict, but was stopped and disarmed before he could carry his purpose into effect. Randall before hewas speaker once struck a fellow member on the floor, and Morrison pulled the beard of one of his associates in Congress. Personal difficulties have usually occurred outside of the hall as a result of disagreement provoked in debate. During the Forty-eighth or Forty-ninth Congress, there was a dispute between Laird of Nebraska, and Cobb of Indiana, on the floor, and later in the day meeting in the speaker's lobby, Laird struck Cobb in the face. They were both very powerful and determined men, but enough of their colleagues were present to separate them at once. When John M. Glover of Missouri, was in Congress, and Allen O. Myers, a representative of a newspaper in the gallery, a dispute occurred between them over something that had been written by the latter, and Glover pummeled the correspondent rather badly in the speaker's lobby during the session of the House. Myers with his face bruised and bloody rushed into the House, though not entitled to admission and began to take summary revenge upon an employe of the House who was supposed to be the instigator of the trouble.

Fights in Cancus.

A number of conflicts more or less serious

A number of conflicts more or less serious have occurred in caucus. At the caucus at the opening of the Fiftieth Congress blows Mr. Wike Acted as Secretary.

Mr. Scott Wike of Illinois acted as secretary of the treasury today for the first time in his official career and signed all the mall as such. Secretary Carlisle was at the department during the day, but his right arm is temporarily disabled with rheumatism and he cannot do any writing whatever, not so much as making his signature. Assistant Secretaries Hamilia and given to any one.

commons so far eclipses any like display of fisticults we have exhibited in Congress so far as any criticism of us and our house of Congress is concerned. In the past we have had belligerent Representa-Surrogate Ransom of New York has denied the motion of the executors of Daniel B. Fayerweather for a distribution of the residue of the estate, nearly \$3,000,000, according to the will and the deed and gift of the executors.

THAT PENSION STORY DENIED EVERY POINT YIELDED What Ex-Assistant Secretary Bussey and

Ex-Commissioner Tanner Say. The Alleged Decisions Were Not Approved

by Secretary Noble and They Never Had Any Effect.

Ex-Assistant Secretary Bussey and ex-Commissioner Tanner give a very positive An Early Settlement of the Trouble and circumstantial contradiction to Deputy Commissioner Bell's statements to the effect that sixteen employes of the pension bureau whose pensions were illegally increased in 1889 by Commissioner Tanner were still drawing their pensions at the increased rate in contempt of specific instructions given by Assistant Secretary Bussey that the old and lower rating be restored, and the further statement that these orders by Assistant Secretary Bussey had been secreted and were only recently discovered by Commissioner Loch-

ren.
An examination of the alieged decisions discloses the fact that only four of them bear any specific date, five are dated "August, 1889," the others having no date whatever. All of the cases except two are sloned by Assistant Secretary Bussey, whatever. All of the cases except two are signed by Assistant Secretary Bussey, one of these having no signature and the other his name in typewriting. When the attention of ex-Commissioner Tanner was called to the matter he stated very emphatically that he had never seen the alleged decisions, although he remained in office until September 12, 1889, nor had he ever heard of them until today. Gen. Bussey's Statement. Ex-Assistant Secretary Bussey was seen

at his office. He said that no such decisions as were referred to and quoted had ever been promulgated from his office. During the Tanner investigation he had, on his own motion, taken up a number of cases of pension employes who, he believed, had been illegally rerated, and wrote out a decision in each case. They were formulated with a view to their being shown to the President and Secretary Noble as aids in their investigation and understanding of the cases, and also with a view to their subsequent official promulgation if they met with their approval. They did not meet with the approval of the Secretary, who decided upon another course of procedure, as indicated in his letter to Congress on the subject. The cases as written up were signed by Mr. Bussey, simply, he said, to identify them to the President and Secretary Noble. After it had been decided not to issue the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey, says he are the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey, says he are the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey, says he are the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey, says he are the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey, says he are the decisions as prepared Gen. been promulgated from his office. During tary Noble. After it had been decided not to issue the decisions as prepared Gen. Bussey says he put them in his desk, where they remained for many months.

On one occasion he showed them to the then Commissioner Raum, who asked permission to take a number of them to his office and look them over at his leisure. This permission was granted, and about twenty out of fifty or sixty of the decisions were taken away. Gen. Raum had, no doubt, forgotten to return them, and so the "secreted decisions" were discovered and the conclusion instantly reached that larger sums of money had been paid out contrary to the instructions contained therein. Gen. Bussey stated with earnestness that the alleged decisions were not decisions at all, nor were they ever copied and promulgated as such, as was well understood by Gen. Raum and the chief officials of the pension bureau.

next week. The principal reason for this belief lies in the fact that the President has a number of important matters to prepare, for submission to Congress, which necessarily require his conferring with the head of the department to which they relate, and as no arrangement has been made for the members of the cabinet to meet him at Buzzard's Bay the presumption is natural that the conferences will be held in Washington.

It is also known as a fact that the White House has been prepared for the President's return early next week and that most of the members of the cabinet have

THE BROOKLYN NAVY YARD.

stations in the world, capable of turning out the heaviest battle ship complete in dredging of Whitney basin surrounding it with a re wall of concrete and m

This basin has a sufficient area to hold the entire United States navy, and having an outlet to the East river from the cob dock is too valuable to be allowed to remain, as it is now, merely a mud flat.

The plans also include a network system of railroads connecting all the buildings in the yard and crossing the Wallabout channel to the cob dock at the point near where the receiving ship Vermont is now moored. The railroads are to be equipped with engines and flat cars for the transportation of heavy pieces of machinery or armor plate from any of the buildings to another and to points on the water front where vessels may be in course of construction. It is estimated that the sum of \$2,500,000 will be required to give the plan a good start.

Secretary Carlisle has directed that the

Siam Accepts the Terms of the French Ultimatum.

PASSING OF THE EASTERN WAR CLOUD

Expected.

The substance of the ultimatum was as

1. A recognition of the rights of Annam and Cambodia on the left or eastern bank of the Mekong river as far north as the twenty-third parallel of latitude. 2. The evacuation within a month of the forts held by the Slamese on the east bank of the river.

3. Full satisfaction for various Siame

the left bank of the Mekong river. The king expressed his willingness to abandon all the territories over which the existence of these rights could be proved, and called attention to the fact that five months previously he had proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration. In the interests of peace, however, the king offered to surrender the territory as far north as the eighteenth degree of latitude, but no further, and proposed that the islands in the Mekong river be used in common by Siam and France. All the other points of the ultimatum were conceded. All the other points of the conceded.

This answer was not satisfactory to France, and subsequently M. Pavie withdrew from Bangkok on a gunboat and the French warships in the Menam river went to Koh-si-Chang, an island near the head of the Gulf of Siam, where they joined the French fleet under the command of Admiral Humann.

of the pension bureau.

THE PRESIDENT'S RETURN,

Everything Points to His Being in Washington Next Wednesday.

Notwithstanding Secretary Lamont's dipiomatic assertion to the contrary, many things tend to confirm the Star's prediction.

Tal Humann.

France then determined to blockade the Siamese coast. There is serious doubt as to the time the blockade was to be made effective. The French government informed the British government that the blockade would begin July 31, but the British minister at Bangkok later informed the British foreign office that it had commenced on July 26. Lord Rosebery, the British foreign minister, asked the French government for

LONDON, July 29.-The Stamese legation in this city has received a dispatch from grant the French demands, and being most desirous of maintaining peace, has telegraphed instructions to the Siamese minister at Paris to inform M. Develle, the French foreign minister that Siam accepts the ultimatum in its entirety. The dispatch adds that the Siamese government hopes that the blockade will cease; that, diplomatic negotiations will be resumed, and that an early settlement of the troubles will be effected.

PARIS, July 29.- In view of the Siamese.

erection of twelve new shops, principally near the water front, to be devoted to the special work of the building of modern vessels of war and to be furnished with the most improved machinery for the construction of iron and steel vessels.

draw the notice of blockage. At is also expected that France will accept Siam's surrender to her ultimatum. It is understood that the provinces on the upper Mekong river that were ceded to Siam by Great Britain will form the subject of further negotiations between France and Great Britain. English Officials Stirred Up.

war with France, but a series of events

would within a few hours demand his pass-ports from the French government. It is collector at New York accept a nominal no longer doubted at Westminster that dip-bond for eighteen horses imported for the lomatic relations between the two countries

bond for eighteen horses imported for the Russian exhibit at Chicago. These horses came from the private stud farm of the czar of Russia and are said to be exceptionally fine types of the Russian horse. At the close of the fair it is the intention of the czar to exchange these norses for American trotting horses and carry these trotters to Russia.

Capt. Theodore d' Ismaeloff, captain in the imperial guard of Russia, a delegate to the fair, etc., is in charge of this exhibit and yesterday had an interview with Secretary Carlisie on the subject of their importation.

biomatic relations between the two countries are at great tension and the gravest events portent. China, it is now definitely known, has notified France that she claims the territory between the twenty-first and twenty-third degrees of latitude, which is part of what is demanded of Siam.

News from Paris is more meager. It was said yesterday that in response to Lord Dufferin's protest the French cabinet had consented to arbitrate part of the territorial claims. There were also some signs of abatement of the savage popular hatred of England which the press has been soicing venomously for days.

He Denies the Interviews That Have

Been Attributed to Him.

SENATOR STEWART HERE.

He Thinks That It Will Be Four or live Months Before a Vote Can Be Had on the Sherman Repeal Bill.

Senator Stewart reached Washington today and leaves for Chicago this evening. He said to a Star reporter this aternoon that the interviews published with him in New York were, he supposed, satisfactory to the newspaper boys there, but they were not so to him. He identified very little of what they attributed to him. He said that he had refused to talk and apparently the newspapers published just what they wanted to as interviews with him. He said that he did not know whether th

effort to repeal the Sherman law would be successful or not, but if the law was repealed and sliver demonetized there would be the devil to pay in this country, It be the devil to pay in this country. It would make us a tributary colony to lingland, paying a heavy tribute without representation and without consideration.

"We pay now to England." he said, "one hundred and fifty millions in interest. If silver is demonstrated we will pay a thousand millions. Corn and wheat and cofton cannot be sold cheap enough to raise the money to pay interest on what we would owe England."

He said that there would be no filibustering on the part of the silver men, but that

GLADSTONE LEAVES LONDON.

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BANGKOK, July 29.—The Stamese government has accepted the full terms of the French ultimatum.

The said that there would be no filibustering on the part of the silver men, but that there except the silver men, but that there would not be acted on without discussion, and they would do well to get to a vote in four or five months.

They ought not, he thought, to talk about repealing the law before it had been put in operation. The law had been nullified by the Treasury Department, he said, and had not yet been given a trial.

MORE MONEY WANTED.

The Denver Chamber of Commerce Prepare DENVER, Col., July 29.-The Chamber of

gress favoring an increase in the circulating medium of the country by the free coinage of silver produced from the mines of the United States and demanding the pay-

age of silver produced from the mines of the United States and demanding the paying French sailors on the Menam river.

4. The punishment of the culprits and provision for the pecuniary indemnity of the victims.

5. An indemnity of 2,000,000 francs for various damages sustained by French subjects.

6. The immediate deposit of 3,000,000 francs to guarantee the payment of the fourth and fifth claims, or the assignment of the taxes in certain districts in lieu of the deposit of 2,000,000 francs.

This ultimatum was sent on July 19 and forty-eight hours were allowed for Siam to make answer to the French demands.

On July 21 M. Pavie, the French minister at Bangkok, presented the ultimatum to Prince Devawongso, the Siamese foreign minister.

On July 23 Siam replied, stating that the king was at a loss to understand what the rights of Annam and Cambodia were on the left bank of the Mekong river. The king expressed his wilkingness to abandon all the territories over which the existence of these rights could be proved, and called attention to the fact that five months previously he had proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration. In the interests of peace, how ever, the king offered to surrender the territory as far north as the eighteenth (expressions the because the proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration. In the interests of peace, how ever, the king offered to surrender the territory as far north as the eighteenth (expressions to be proved, and the proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration. In the interest of peace, how ever, the king offered to surrender the territory as far north as the eighteenth (expressions to be proved, and the proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration. In the interest of peace, how ever the head of the surrence of the people, who are the provision of the people and for the monor of the currency to the memorial asks that the em

The memorial favors the bi-metallic sys-tem in vogue in France, or something sim-liar to it.

The document is signed by ex-Governor John Evans as chairman.

DISCUSSED BY THE "STREET," What Was Said in New York About the NEW YORK, July 29 .- Naturally the somatter of the thirty and sixty-day clause was much discussed in Wall street today. Opinions differed widely, but it is to be rerather favored the action of the presidents It was generally agreed that the recent heavy purchases of odd lots of railway and

other stocks materially reduced the deposit

Henry Clews says the action of the savings banks in availing themselves of their sixty days' privilege is not a bear argument. The current was becoming so strong to draw money out of the savings banks to invest at bargain prices in securities, and it was to prevent this that this step was taken. The action of the savings banks show that the investing public are now picking up stocks right and left and it has drifted into almost a mania.

President J. Edward Simmons of the Fourth National said this morning: "I have nothing further to say about the action of the savings bank presidents, save that I fully approve of their action. It is a good thing."

KAISER WILLIAM AT COWES,

board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, ar-rived at Dover this morning from Kiel.

Dutinees
The Dime Savings Bank and the South
Brooklyn Savings Bank both put into operation today the thirty and sixty day rule,
The General Savings Bank of Kings county
with
muth
d at
iving
will probably do the same.

TRENTON, N. J., July 29,-A run com menced this morning on the Treuton Savings Bank and by noon about \$30.00 plus of \$268,000. The money paid out this morning was in new silver dollars received from the Philadelphia mint. the Trenton banks are in excellent shand no suspensions will occur.

NEWARK, N. J., July 22.—There is a slight run today on the Howard Savings Institution of this city. A long double line of depositors has been passing in front of the paying teller's window all the morning. The officers of the bank say that they have pienty of money on hand to pay all demands. The Howard is the strongest savings bank in the city.

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THE COMING SESSION

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DAY, August 1, 7:30 p. m., under auspices of Northeast Washington Association, at hell R and Ilithsta.

n.e. Everybody invited. W. J. FRIZZELL, Pres.

Jy29-2** JNO, D. HINTERNESCH, Sec.

FOR SALE NEW TERMESCH, Sec. o'clock on the 7th of August and Vice Pres-

There appears to have been a demand "in

been an almost complete revolution in a few months, and Congress comes together almost without a thought of what they had expected to be a cause for their assembling—not that they have forgotten the tariff, but that it does not enter into the matter of the present action.

the pension list will be left to the executive branch of the government, which is getting along boomingly in that line, without any legislation to help them. The party leaders dare not trust this question to a vote in Congress.

very little consideration shown them if they interfere with the progress of public business. There may be hard fighting enough on both sides of the great questions that come up, but it appears to be understood that nothing but up and down fighting and hard hitting will be recognized. The dilly-dallying obstructive policies are apt to find no place under the existing circumstances.

CHRIS WAGNER'S SUICIDE. FIGHTS IN CONGRESS.

the Act-Grief of His Wife

Christian Wagner, a middle-aged grocer, who had his establishment at 1129 7th street, committed suicide in a sensational manner this morning. It took two attempts to complete the deed, but by o'clock, an hour or more after his first effort, he was dead, and his wife and children were overcome with their grief.

had made his home in this city for a good while past. He had succeeded in building up a good business, and was looked upon by the neighbors as a prosperous and well-to-do man, whose troubles, if he had any, were not of a serious nature. Just why he took his own life, then, is largely a matter of conjecture. His family relations seemed to be of the pleasantest. For the past day or two, however, he seemed to be worrying a good deal over the condition of his business and the troubles that might come from the prevailing hard times. He left no letters behind him, nor any explanation which would throw light upon the

This morning, at an early hour, probably about 5 o'clock, Mr. Wagner went up into the hay loft over the stable that stands

The scene in the little back room behind the store was an intensely sad one, for when Mrs. Wagner came to realize what had happened she gave way completely to her grief. The body lay stretched out on a

tached from duty at Chicago and ordered to the New York. Passed Assistant Engl-

It was announced at the White House to-

examination for retirement. The board will meet at Fort Logan, Col. Lieut. Backus is alleged to be of unsound mind and the coming examination is for the express purpose of settling that question. The Secretary of the Treasury made two

by him while staying at the Hot Springs of The total number of fourth-class post-